

**FACULTAD CIENCIAS DE LA SALUD.
PROGRAMA: Especialización Oftalmología**

Vitrectomía limitada versus infusión intravenosa de manitol para el manejo de cámara anterior estrecha durante la facoemulsificación.

Presentan:

**Jenyffer Barahona Campos
Código estudiantil: 202121713761**

**Lizeth Carolina Ardila Munar
Código estudiantil: 2021217137215**

Tutores:

**Dr Santiago Morales Orozco
MD | Spc OFT | S-Spc RET**

**Henry J González Torres
Bio. Spc App, MSc Bio (Gen), PhD (S) BioMed**

Trabajo de investigación presentado como requisito para optar al título de:

Especialista en Oftalmología

**INSTITUTO DE POSGRADOS
BARRANQUILLA, ATLÁNTICO
REPÚBLICA DE COLOMBIA
2024**

Resumen

La cámara anterior estrecha en facoemulsificación se asocia a un mayor riesgo de complicaciones, por lo cual se recomiendan diferentes abordajes quirúrgicos.

Objetivo: Comparar si el uso de vitrectomía limitada versus manitol endovenoso antes de la cirugía, mejora el resultado quirúrgico, reduce el edema corneal, disminuye las complicaciones y genera menos reintervenciones en facoemulsificación en ojos con cámara anterior estrecha.

Metodología: Estudio observacional analítico retrospectivo que evalúa el éxito quirúrgico entre el uso de la vitrectomía limitada versus la aplicación de manitol endovenoso en pacientes sometidos a facoemulsificación más implante de LIO con cámara anterior estrecha, en una clínica oftalmológica de Barranquilla, Colombia del año 2021 al 2023. Se incluyeron pacientes con cámara anterior estrecha menor o igual a 2.9 mm, agudeza visual mejor corregida mayor o igual a 20/40 según escala de Snellen.

Resultados: Se evaluaron 88 ojos de 650 sometidos a facoemulsificación e implante de lente intraocular. El 72% eran mujeres, el 51% ojos izquierdos, y el 56% tenían cataratas duras. La edad promedio fue 72 años (IQR 68, 78), y la longitud promedio de la cámara anterior fue de 2.45 mm (IQR 2.26, 2.62). En el grupo de vitrectomía limitada, no hubo presión positiva durante la cirugía, mientras que, en el grupo de manitol, el 40.8% la experimentó, con una diferencia significativa ($p < 0.01$). El edema corneal grado II fue más común con manitol (53.1%) en comparación con la vitrectomía limitada (33.3%), siendo esta diferencia significativa ($p < 0.01$). No se encontró diferencia estadísticamente significativa ($p > 0.05$) para el éxito quirúrgico, las reintervenciones y las complicaciones.

Conclusiones: La vitrectomía limitada y el manitol demuestran ser una opción segura en el manejo de cámaras anteriores estrechas durante la facoemulsificación. El grupo tratado con vitrectomía limitada no experimentó presión positiva, presentó menor edema corneal, así como menos reintervenciones y complicaciones.

Palabras Clave: Facoemulsificación, cámara anterior estrecha, vitrectomía limitada, manitol endovenoso, cirugías del segmento anterior, aspiración de líquido de la pars plana, presión vítrea positiva.

Abstract

Shallow anterior chamber in phacoemulsification is associated with a higher risk of complications, which is why different surgical approaches are recommended.

Objective: To compare whether the use of limited vitrectomy versus intravenous mannitol before surgery improves surgical outcomes, reduces corneal edema, decreases complications, and results in fewer reinterventions in phacoemulsification in eyes with a shallow anterior chamber.

Methodology: A retrospective study evaluating the surgical success between the use of limited vitrectomy versus intravenous mannitol application in patients undergoing phacoemulsification with intraocular lens implantation with a shallow anterior chamber, at an ophthalmological clinic in Barranquilla, Colombia, from 2021 to 2023. Patients with a shallow anterior chamber of 2.9 mm or less, best-corrected visual acuity of 20/40 or better were included.

Results: A total of 88 eyes out of 650 undergoing phacoemulsification and intraocular lens implantation were evaluated. Of these, 72% were women, 51% were left eyes, and 56% had hard cataracts. The average age was 72 years (IQR 68, 78), and the average anterior chamber length was 2.45 mm (IQR 2.26, 2.62). In the vitreous TAP group, there was no positive pressure during surgery, whereas in the mannitol group, 40.8% experienced it, with a significant difference ($p < 0.01$). Grade II corneal edema was more common with mannitol (53.1%) compared to limited vitrectomy (33.3%), with this difference being significant ($p < 0.01$). There was no statistically significant difference ($p > 0.05$) in surgical success, reinterventions, and complications.

Conclusions: Limited vitrectomy and mannitol prove to be a safe option in managing shallow anterior chambers during phacoemulsification. The group treated with limited vitrectomy did not experience positive pressure, presented less corneal edema, as well as fewer reinterventions and complications.

Keywords: Phacoemulsification, shallow anterior chamber, limited vitrectomy, intravenous mannitol, anterior segment surgeries, pars plana fluid aspiration, positive vitreous pressure.

REFERENCIAS BIBLIOGRÁFICAS

1. Steinmetz JD, Bourne RRA, Briant PS, Flaxman SR, Taylor HRB, Jonas JB, et al. Causes of blindness and vision impairment in 2020 and trends over 30 years, and prevalence of avoidable blindness in relation to VISION 2020: the Right to Sight: an analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study. *Lancet Glob Heal* [Internet]. 2021 Feb;9(2):e144–60. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S2214109X20304897>
2. Robin AL, Smith SD, Natchiar G, Ramakrishnan R, Srinivasan M, Raheem R, et al. The initial complication rate of phacoemulsification in India. *Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci* [Internet]. 1997 Oct;38(11):2331–7. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/9344356>
3. Anaya Reyes D, DíazGranados JF, Toro-Giraldo L, Neira MF, Osorio M. RESULTADOS Y COMPLICACIONES DE CIRUGÍA DE CATARATA POR FACOEMULSIFICACIÓN. *Vis Pan-America, Pan-American J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2018 Oct 3;17(3):67–73. Available from: <http://journals.sfu.ca/paao/index.php/journal/article/view/495>
4. Yuzbasioglu E, Artunay O, Agachan A, Bilen H. Phacoemulsification in patients with nanophthalmos. *Can J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2009 Oct;44(5):534–9. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0008418209801178>
5. Kaplowitz K, Yung E, Flynn R, Tsai JC. Current concepts in the treatment of vitreous block, also known as aqueous misdirection. *Surv Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2015 May;60(3):229–41. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0039625714002598>
6. Vasavada VA, Vasavada S, Vasavada AR, Vasavada V, Srivastava S. Comparative evaluation of femtosecond laser–assisted cataract surgery and conventional phacoemulsification in eyes with a shallow anterior chamber. *J Cataract Refract Surg* [Internet]. 2019 May;45(5):547–52. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/02158034-201905000-00004>
7. Khalid M, Ameen SS, Ayub N, Mehboob MA. Effects of anterior chamber depth and axial length on corneal endothelial cell density after phacoemulsification. *Pakistan J Med Sci* [Internet]. 2019 Jan 23;35(1). Available from: <http://www.pjms.org.pk/index.php/pjms/article/view/92>
8. Ally N, Ismail S, Alli HD. Prevalence of complications in eyes with nanophthalmos or microphthalmos: protocol for a systematic review and meta-analysis. *Syst Rev* [Internet]. 2022 Dec 9;11(1):25. Available from: <https://systematicreviewsjournal.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s13643-022-01889-5>
9. Day AC, Norridge CFE, Donachie PHJ, Barnes B, Sparrow JM. Royal College of Ophthalmologists' National Ophthalmology Database study of cataract surgery: report 8, cohort analysis of the relationship between intraoperative complications of cataract surgery and axial length. *BMJ Open* [Internet]. 2022 Aug 19;12(8):e053560. Available from:

- <https://bmjopen.bmj.com/lookup/doi/10.1136/bmjopen-2021-053560>
10. Zare M, Javadi M-A, Einollahi B, Baradaran-Rafii A-R, Feizi S, Kiavash V. Risk Factors for Posterior Capsule Rupture and Vitreous Loss during Phacoemulsification. *J Ophthalmic Vis Res [Internet]*. 2009 Oct;4(4):208–12. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23198076>
 11. Montazeri K, Soltani H, Varposhti M, Mohajeri L. Comparison of Preoperative Infusion of Magnesium Sulfate and Mannitol on Intraocular Pressure Changes in Patients Undergoing Phacoemulsification Surgery. *Adv Biomed Res [Internet]*. 2018;7(1):39. Available from: https://journals.lww.com/10.4103/abr.abr_48_15
 12. Kuriakose T, Jasper S, Thomas S. Pars-plana fluid aspiration for positive vitreous cavity pressure in anterior segment surgeries. *Indian J Ophthalmol [Internet]*. 2018;66(4):565. Available from: https://journals.lww.com/10.4103/ijo.IJO_939_17
 13. Khng C, Osher RH. Surgical options in the face of positive pressure. *J Cataract Refract Surg [Internet]*. 2006 Sep;32(9):1423–5. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/02158034-200609000-00024>
 14. Smith JM, Mathias MT, Oliver SC, Mandava N, Olson JL, Quiroz-Mercado H, et al. The influence of needle gauge and infection source on vitreous aspirate cultures. *Br J Ophthalmol [Internet]*. 2016 Apr;100(4):453–5. Available from: <https://bj.o.bmj.com/lookup/doi/10.1136/bjophthalmol-2015-307081>
 15. Özcürü F, Irgat SG. Floppy capsule appearance during phacoemulsification with mannitol in eyes with angle closure glaucoma. *Arq Bras Oftalmol [Internet]*. 2020;83(5). Available from: <https://www.scielo.br/j/abo/a/JByLWVCsNTJn4vtv4W7hhmd/?lang=en>
 16. MAUGER TF, NYE CN, BOYLE KA. Intraocular Pressure, Anterior Chamber Depth and Axial Length Following Intravenous Mannitol. *J Ocul Pharmacol Ther [Internet]*. 2000 Dec;16(6):591–4. Available from: <http://www.liebertpub.com/doi/10.1089/jop.2000.16.591>
 17. Weber AC, Blandford AD, Costin BR, Perry JD. Effect of mannitol on globe and orbital volumes in humans. *Eur J Ophthalmol [Internet]*. 2018 Mar 6;28(2):163–7. Available from: <http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.5301/ejo.5001008>
 18. WEISS DI, SHAFFER RN, WISE BL. Mannitol Infusion to Reduce Intraocular Pressure. *Arch Ophthalmol [Internet]*. 1962 Sep 1;68(3):341–7. Available from: <http://archophth.jamanetwork.com/article.aspx?articleid=626975>
 19. Silva Cayatopa F, González Méndez AL, Barrientos Ortiz R, Silva Diaz A, Godin Estrada F. Central Pars Plana Vitrectomy + Phacoemulsification + Intraocular Lens Implantation in Patients with Small Eyes, Cataract, and Narrow Anterior Chambers. *Clin Ophthalmol [Internet]*. 2021 Oct;Volume 15:4181–7. Available from: <https://www.dovepress.com/central-pars-plana-vitrectomy--phacoemulsification--intraocular-lens-i-peer-reviewed-fulltext-article-OPHTH>
 20. Nossair AA, Ewais WA, Ali LS. Retrospective Study of Vitreous Tap Technique Using Needle Aspiration for Management of Shallow Anterior

- Chamber during Phacoemulsification. *J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2017;2017:1–6. Available from: <https://www.hindawi.com/journals/joph/2017/2801025/>
21. Gurnani B, Kaur K. Phacoemulsification [Internet]. *StatPearls*. 2024. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27039493>
 22. Akpolat C, Demir M, Cevher S, Ozturk SZ, Yesiltas S. The impact of phacoemulsification surgery on vision-related quality of life in senile cataract patients. *Ther Adv Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2022 Jan 21;14:251584142110632. Available from: <http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/25158414211063293>
 23. Erçalık NY, Yenerel NM, Sanisoğlu HA, Kumral ET, İmamoğlu S. Comparison of intra- and postoperative complications of phaco between sequential and combined procedures of 23-gauge vitrectomy and phaco. *Saudi J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2017 Oct;31(4):238–42. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S1319453417300449>
 24. Saad Filho R, Moreto R, Nakaghi RO, Haddad W, Coelho RP, Messias A. Costs and outcomes of phacoemulsification for cataracts performed by residents. *Arq Bras Oftalmol* [Internet]. 2020;83(3). Available from: <https://www.scielo.br/j/abo/a/MkFqVDJcqnY3GC7BbFNFZZB/?lang=en>
 25. Agarwal A, Kumar DA. Cost–effectiveness of cataract surgery. *Curr Opin Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2011 Jan;22(1):15–8. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/00055735-201101000-00006>
 26. Davis G. The Evolution of Cataract Surgery. *Mo Med* [Internet]. 2016;113(1):58–62. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/27039493>
 27. Cicinelli MV, Buchan JC, Nicholson M, Varadaraj V, Khanna RC. Cataracts. *Lancet* [Internet]. 2023 Feb;401(10374):377–89. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0140673622018396>
 28. Chandna R, Kuzhuppilly NI, Kamath YS. Smartphone-Acquired Image Photogrammetry for Detection of Shallow Anterior Chamber. *Clin Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2021 May;Volume 15:1875–85. Available from: <https://www.dovepress.com/smartphone-acquired-image-photogrammetry-for-detection-of-shallow-ante-peer-reviewed-fulltext-article-OPHT>
 29. Chylack LT. The Lens Opacities Classification System III. *Arch Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 1993 Jun 1;111(6):831. Available from: <http://archophth.jamanetwork.com/article.aspx?doi=10.1001/archophth.1993.01090060119035>
 30. Leffler CT, Klebanov A, Samara WA, Grzybowski A. The history of cataract surgery: from couching to phacoemulsification. *Ann Transl Med* [Internet]. 2020 Nov;8(22):1551–1551. Available from: <http://atm.amegroups.com/article/view/54993/html>
 31. López IH, Díaz TC, Álvarez IC, Minet EP. Facoemulsificación y edema corneal en pacientes con córnea guttata. *Rev Cuba Oftalmol* [Internet]. 2019;33(2):1–16. Available from: <http://www.revoftalmologia.sld.cu/index.php/oftalmologia/article/view/738>
 32. Cuan Aguilar Y, Montero Díaz E, Cárdenas Díaz T, de la Caridad Pérez

- Candelaria E, Hormigó Puertas I, Veitía Rovirosa Z. Comparación entre facoemulsificación asistida con femtoláser y facoemulsificación convencional: resultados visuales y complicaciones. *Comp between femtosecond laser-assisted phacoemulsification Conv Emuls Vis results Complicat* [Internet]. 2017;30(1):1–9. Available from: <https://0-search.ebscohost.com/biblioteca-ils.tec.mx/login.aspx?direct=true&db=asn&AN=139449276&lang=es&site=e=ehost-live>
33. Chalam K V, Gupta SK, Agarwal S, Shah VA. Sutureless limited vitrectomy for positive vitreous pressure in cataract surgery. *Ophthalmic Surg Lasers Imaging* [Internet]. 2005;36(6):518–22. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16355960>
 34. Grzybowski A, Kanclerz P. Acute and chronic fluid misdirection syndrome: pathophysiology and treatment. *Graefes Arch Clin Exp Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2018 Jan 6;256(1):135–54. Available from: <http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s00417-017-3837-0>
 35. Qian Z, Xie X, Yang J, Ye H, Wang Z, Chen J, et al. Detection of shallow anterior chamber depth from two-dimensional anterior segment photographs using deep learning. *BMC Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2021 Dec 22;21(1):341. Available from: <https://bmcophthalmol.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12886-021-02104-0>
 36. Peñaloza Silva MA, Gómez Hilarión A, Gómez Gómez M, Martínez Izquierdo ÁE. Caracterización de la cámara anterior con la Pentacam HR en los pacientes atendidos en la Clínica de la Universidad Santo Tomás. *Rev Investig Andin*. 2017;19(34):1925–39.
 37. Tham Y-C, Li X, Wong TY, Quigley HA, Aung T, Cheng C-Y. Global Prevalence of Glaucoma and Projections of Glaucoma Burden through 2040. *Ophthalmology* [Internet]. 2014 Nov;121(11):2081–90. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0161642014004333>
 38. Khazaeni B, Zeppieri M, Khazaeni L. Acute Angle-Closure Glaucoma [Internet]. *StatPearls*. 2024. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/29514027>
 39. Marchini G, Pagliarusco A, Toscano A, Tosi R, Brunelli C, Bonomi L. Ultrasound biomicroscopic and conventional ultrasonographic study of ocular dimensions in primary angle-closure glaucoma¹ Conducted on behalf of the Regional Council of the Veneto Region, Finalized Health Research, Venice, Italy. *Ophthalmology* [Internet]. 1998 Nov;105(11):2091–8. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0161642098911320>
 40. Friedman DS, Foster PJ, Aung T, He M. Angle closure and angle-closure glaucoma: what we are doing now and what we will be doing in the future. *Clin Experiment Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2012 May 5;40(4):381–7. Available from: <https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/j.1442-9071.2012.02774.x>
 41. Chronopoulos A, Thumann G, Schutz J. Positive vitreous pressure: Pathophysiology, complications, prevention, and management. *Surv*

- Ophthalmol [Internet]. 2017 Mar;62(2):127–33. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S003962571630100X>
42. Sachdev R, Gupta A, Narula R, Deshmukh R. Limited vitrectomy in phacomorphic glaucoma. *Indian J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2017;65(12):1422. Available from: https://journals.lww.com/10.4103/ijo.IJO_668_17
 43. Grzybowski A, Prasad S. Acute aqueous misdirection syndrome: Pathophysiology and management. *J Cataract Refract Surg* [Internet]. 2014 Dec;40(12):2167. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/02158034-201412000-00040>
 44. Sud RN, Loomba R. Achievement of surgically soft and safe eyes--a comparative study. *Indian J Ophthalmol*. 1991;39(1):12–4.
 45. Robbins R, Galin MA. Effect of Osmotic Agents on the Vitreous Body. *Arch Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 1969 Nov 1;82(5):694–9. Available from: <http://archophth.jamanetwork.com/article.aspx?articleid=629714>
 46. Hwang HS, Ahn YS, Cho YK. Preoperative Mannitolization Can Decrease Corneal Endothelial Cell Damage After Cataract Surgery. *Curr Eye Res* [Internet]. 2016 Sep 1;41(9):1161–5. Available from: <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.3109/02713683.2015.1101138>
 47. Shingleton BJ, Wadhvani RA, O'Donoghue MW, Baylus S, Hoey H. Evaluation of intraocular pressure in the immediate period after phacoemulsification. *J Cataract Refract Surg* [Internet]. 2001 Apr;27(4):524–7. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/02158034-200104000-00023>
 48. CHANDLER PA. A NEW OPERATION FOR MALIGNANT GLAUCOMA: A PRELIMINARY REPORT. *Trans Am Ophthalmol Soc* [Internet]. 1964;62:408–24. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/14269902>
 49. Chang DF. Pars plana vitreous tap for phacoemulsification in the crowded eye. *J Cataract Refract Surg* [Internet]. 2001 Dec;27(12):1911–4. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/02158034-200112000-00018>
 50. Xiang X, Chen Y, Wang J, Huang Z, Gu Z. Vitreous Decompression Combined with Phacoemulsification for Medically Unresponsive Acute Angle Closure. Sandner D, editor. *J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2021 Apr 22;2021:1–5. Available from: <https://www.hindawi.com/journals/joph/2021/5528281/>
 51. Steijns D, Bijlsma WR, Van der Lelij A. Cataract Surgery in Patients with Nanophthalmos. *Ophthalmology* [Internet]. 2013 Feb;120(2):266–70. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0161642012007452>
 52. Foster PJ. The definition and classification of glaucoma in prevalence surveys. *Br J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2002 Feb 1;86(2):238–42. Available from: <https://bj.o.bmj.com/lookup/doi/10.1136/bjo.86.2.238>
 53. Burgansky-Eliash Z, Ishikawa H, Schuman JS. Hypotonous Malignant Glaucoma: Aqueous Misdirection with Low Intraocular Pressure. *Ophthalmic Surgery, Lasers Imaging Retin* [Internet]. 2008 Jan;39(2):155–9. Available from: <https://journals.healio.com/doi/10.3928/15428877-20080301-03>
 54. Wu W, Dawson DG, Sugar A, Elner SG, Meyer KA, McKey JB, et al.

- Cataract surgery in patients with nanophthalmos. *J Cataract Refract Surg* [Internet]. 2004 Mar;30(3):584–90. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/02158034-200403000-00023>
55. Sekine Y, Takei K, Nakano H, Saotome T, Hommura S. Survey of Risk Factors for Expulsive Choroidal Hemorrhage: Case Reports. *Ophthalmologica* [Internet]. 1996;210(6):344–7. Available from: <https://karger.com/OPH/article/doi/10.1159/000310740>
 56. Blomquist PH, Rugwani RM. Visual outcomes after vitreous loss during cataract surgery performed by residents. *J Cataract Refract Surg* [Internet]. 2002 May;28(5):847–52. Available from: <https://journals.lww.com/02158034-200205000-00035>
 57. Auffarth G. Relative anterior microphthalmos Morphometric analysis and its implications for cataract surgery. *Ophthalmology* [Internet]. 2000 Aug 1;107(8):1555–60. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0161642000002402>
 58. Masis Solano M, Lin SC. Cataract, phacoemulsification and intraocular pressure: Is the anterior segment anatomy the missing piece of the puzzle? *Prog Retin Eye Res* [Internet]. 2018 May;64:77–83. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S1350946217301064>
 59. Miura S, Ieki Y, Ogino K, Tanaka Y. Primary Phacoemulsification and Aspiration Combined with 25-Gauge Single-Port Vitrectomy for Management of Acute Angle Closure. *Eur J Ophthalmol* [Internet]. 2008 May 18;18(3):450–2. Available from: <http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/112067210801800322>
 60. Sellam A, Tourabaly M, Borderie V, Bouheraoua N. Evaluation of the efficacy and safety of pars plana vitrectomy with irido-zonulo-hyaloidotomy for malignant glaucoma. *J Fr Ophtalmol* [Internet]. 2024 Jan;47(1):103963. Available from: <https://linkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0181551223004199>