

**CREENCIAS Y PERCEPCIONES DE LOS TRABAJADORES DE
LOS SECTORES AGROPECUARIO, FINANCIERO Y MINERO-
ENERGÉTICO, SOBRE LA PROBABILIDAD DE CONTRAER EL
CORONAVIRUS EN LA COSTA CARIBE COLOMBIANA**

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**Trabajo de Investigación como requisito para optar el título de especialista
en seguridad y salud en el trabajo**

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RESUMEN

Antecedente: El COVID-19, fue declarado pandemia por la Organización Mundial de la Salud el 11 de marzo de 2020, lo que conllevó a tomar medidas como el aislamiento y/o distanciamiento social con el fin de reducir la transmisión del virus y evitar que personas sanas entren en contacto con personas infectadas. La enfermedad por coronavirus (COVID-19) es una enfermedad infecciosa causada por el coronavirus SARS-CoV-2, las personas infectadas experimentan una enfermedad respiratoria de leve a moderada y se pueden recuperar sin necesidad de un tratamiento especial; aunque, las personas mayores o con problemas médicos subyacentes como enfermedades cardiovasculares, diabetes, enfermedades respiratorias crónicas y cáncer tienen más probabilidades de desarrollar enfermedades graves o de morir. Se han observado 135.646.617 casos confirmados de COVID-19 y 2,930,732 muertes a nivel mundial, en Colombia son 2.518.715 casos confirmados y 65.608 muertes.

Objetivo: Determinar las creencias y percepciones sobre la probabilidad de contraer el coronavirus en trabajadores de los sectores agropecuario, financiero y minero-energético.

Materiales y Métodos: investigación utilizó un enfoque cuantitativo y el tipo de estudio fue descriptivo transversal, Esta investigación se realizó en personas que residen en la costa caribe colombiana, durante el periodo de marzo y abril de 2021.

Resultados: se evidencia la mayoría de los participantes no fueron diagnosticados con covid 19, y así el mayor personal percibe un riesgo débil de contraer el coronavirus en su rutina diaria.

Conclusión: el COVID-19 presenta nuevos desafíos para la salud y la seguridad en el lugar de trabajo, el mayor porcentaje de las personas que trabajan en el sector agrario creen que al contraer el virus del covid-19 desencadenaran síntomas más severos y de estos casi la mitad piensan que terminaran con una secuela importante que es la restricción de la actividad física diaria.

Palabras clave: covid19, distanciamiento social, trabajadores, emergencia sanitaria.

ABSTRACT

Background: COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020, which led to measures such as isolation and / or social distancing in order to reduce the transmission of the virus and prevent healthy people come into contact with infected people. Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is an infectious disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus, infected people experience mild to moderate respiratory illness and can recover without the need for special treatment; However, people who are older or with underlying medical problems such as cardiovascular disease, diabetes, chronic respiratory diseases, and cancer are more likely to develop serious illnesses or die. There have been 135,646,617 confirmed cases of COVID-19 and 2,930,732 deaths worldwide, in Colombia there are 2,518,715 confirmed cases and 65,608 deaths.

Objective: Determine the beliefs and perceptions about the probability of contracting the coronavirus in workers in the agricultural, financial and mining-energy sectors.

Materials and Methods: The research used a quantitative approach and the type of study was descriptive, cross-sectional. This research was carried out in people residing on the Colombian Caribbean coast, during the period of March and April 2021

Results: it is evidenced that most of the participants were not diagnosed with covid 19, and thus the largest personnel perceive a weak risk of contracting the coronavirus in their daily routine.

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Conclusions: COVID-19 presents new challenges for health and safety in the workplace, the largest percentage of people who work in the agricultural sector believe that contracting the covid-19 virus will trigger more severe symptoms and of these almost the half think they will end up with a major sequel, which is the restriction of daily physical activity.

KeyWords: covid19, social distancing, workers, health emergency.

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